

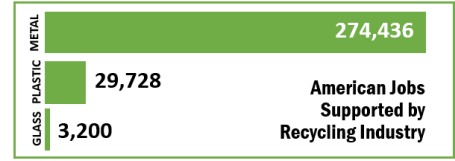
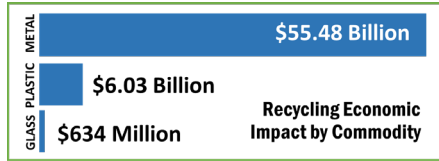


KEY ECONOMIC STATISTICS FOR ALUMINUM BEVERAGE CAN RECYCLING

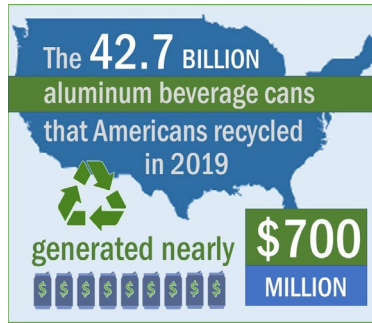
Aluminum is the **most valuable material** in the recycling stream.¹



Metal recycling has a **higher economic impact** than all other recyclable materials combined.²

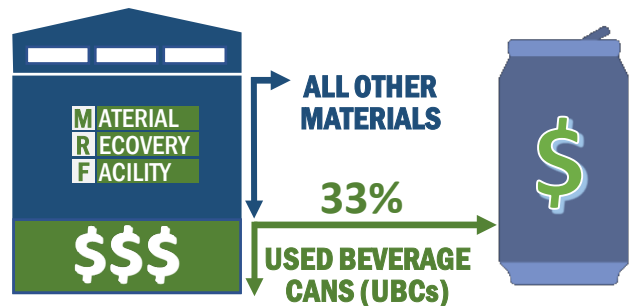
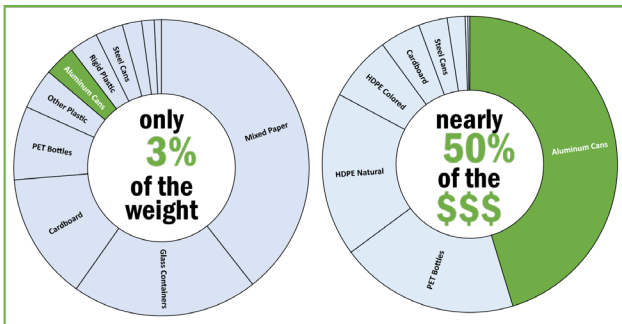


Metal recycles forever, so the same piece of aluminum has the potential to be recycled into a new can infinitely, delivering economic and **environmental benefits** with each reuse.



If the can industry reaches its goal of all cans being recycled, that would result in another \$940 million of **economic value** in the U.S. recycling system.

Even though aluminum cans are about 3% by weight of all recyclable materials generated at single-family homes **aluminum cans are nearly 50% of the revenue** of those recyclable materials.³



Aluminum beverage cans in non-deposit states account in a typical MRF for 33% of the revenue, more than any other single material commodity. MRFs are critical to the U.S. recycling system as they sort single-stream recyclables. **Without the revenue from UBCs, most MRFs would not be able to operate.**⁴

¹ Aluminum Association's 2020 KPI Report | ² ISRI's Economic Impact Report | ³ Recycling Partnership's State of the Curbside 2020 | ⁴ Aluminum Beverage Can: Driver of the U.S. Recycling System |